## VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. 2022 Annual Shareholders' Meeting Minutes

(This document is prepared in accordance with the Chinese version and is for reference only. In the event of any inconsistency between the English version and the Chinese version, the Chinese version shall prevail.)

Time: 9:00 AM., May 24, 2022

Meeting type: Physical shareholders' meeting

Location: Einstein Hall, Science Park Life Hub, 2F, No. 1, Gongye E. 2nd Rd., Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu City.

Total outstanding VisEra shares: 293,456,119 shares

Total shares represented by shareholders present in person or by proxy: 254,830,784 shares

Percentage of shares held by shareholders present in person or by proxy: 86.83%

Directors present: Chairman Robert Kuan, Independent Director Peng-Heng Chan, Independent Director Laura Huang, Independent Director Emma Chang (attended via video conferencing)

Chairman: Robert Kuan, the Chairman of the Board of Directors

Recorder: Kevin Tsai

The aggregate shareholding of the shareholders present in person or by proxy constituted a quorum. The Chairman called the meeting to order.

I. Chairman Remarks (omitted)

#### II. Reports Items

- (I) To report the business of 2021 (Attachment 1)
- (II) Audit Committee's Review Report (Attachment 2)
- (III) To report 2021 Allocation of remuneration to directors and employees

Explanation: :

- The proposal for 2021 allocation of the remuneration to employees and directors has been approved per the resolution of the Board of Directors on February 23, 2022. Said remuneration will be allocated in cash in whole.
- (2) The remuneration to employees in cash totals NTD 433,055,921 to be allocated in cash in whole, which is not different from those recognized in the books of 2021.
- (3) The remuneration to directors in cash totals NTD 2,673,870 to be allocated in cash in whole, decreasing by NTD 26,130 from that estimated in the financial statements of 2021, which is considered the difference in accounting estimation and will be stated as the change in accounting estimation in the next year.

#### III. Matters for Ratification

(I) Adoption of the 2021 Business Report and Financial Statements. (Proposed by the board of directors)

Explanation:

- (1) The 2021 Financial Statements of the Company, including the balance sheet, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, and statement of cash flows, were audited by Shang-Chih Lin and Ming-Yuan Chung, CPA of Deloitte & Touche.
- (2) Please refer to Attachment 1 and Attachment 3 on for the 2021 Business Report, Independent Auditors' Report and aforementioned financial statements.

RESOLVED, that the 2021 Business Report and Financial Statements be and hereby were accepted as submitted.

(II)Adoption of 2021 Earnings Distribution. (Proposed by the board of directors)

Explanation:

- The Company's distributable retained earnings in 2021 were NTD 1,948,751,646. NTD 586,712,238 of the retained earnings are to be distributed as common share cash dividend. The Company has issued 293,356,119 common shares on January 31, 2022, so the cash dividend for each share is NTD 2.
- (2) Please refer to Attachment 4 on page 17 of the Handbook for the 2021 Earnings Distribution Table.

- (3) The current cash dividends are calculated and truncated to the nearest NTD at the distribution ratio. The fractional amount less than NTD 1 is summed up and recognized by the Company as other revenue.
- (4) Upon approval of the cash dividend to be distributed by the shareholders' meeting, the Chairman of the Board is authorized by the Board to set the record date for the distribution of dividends, and the actual date for the distribution of cash dividends. If the Company buys back the Company's shares, transfers or cancels treasury stocks, issues new shares due to employees' exercise of stock warrant, issues or recalls restricted share awards (RSAs) and issues new shares upon capital increase in cash, and engages in any other activities, in any other way, causes changes to the number of the Company's outstanding shares on a later date, the Board of Directors shall authorize the Chairman of Board to adjust the distribution ratio per share and other relevant matters.

RESOLVED, that the Proposal for Earnings Distribution of 2021 Profits be and hereby was accepted as submitted.

- IV. Discussions
  - (I)Approval of amendments to Articles of Incorporation of the Company (proposed by the Board of Directors)

Explanation:

- (1) The amendments to certain provisions of the Company's Articles of Incorporation are proposed in response to the amendments to Article 172-2 of the Company Act.
- (2) The amendments are made in order to add the requirements that a shareholders' meeting can be held by means of visual communication network or other methods promulgated by the central competent authority.
- (3) Please refer to Attachment 5 for the comparison tables of the existing and amended provisions.

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

(II)Approval of amendments to Procedures for the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets of the Company

Explanation:

- (1) The amendments to the Company's "Procedures for the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets" are proposed in response to the amendments to certain provisions of the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies."
- (2) Please refer to Attachment 6 for the comparison tables of the existing and amended provisions.

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

V. Extemporary Motions

(Questions raised by the shareholders and the management's responses were omitted.)

There being no other business and special motion, the meeting was adjourned.

Chairman: Robert Kuan

Recorder: Kevin Tsai

## **2021 Business Report**

In 2021, industrial production and consumer confidence gradually recovered and so the economy conspicuously revived, owning to the increasing COVID-19 vaccination rate worldwide, eased lockdown measures, and support from full-fledged government stimulus policy. IMF forecasted the global economic growth rate for 2021 to be 5.9%. In addition, the pandemic substantially changed the life pattern worldwide. Online operation became normal for enterprises, individuals, education, and the government, sending the semi-conductor industry into an upward spiral. Driven by robust semi-conductor demands, an interrupted supply chain, and increased average selling price, the production value increased by 26% year on year, making 2021 a year of booming growth, opportunities, and challenges for Taiwan's semiconductor industry.

Looking back at 2021, VisEra's operating performance constantly grew, thanks to the universal presence of 5G smartphones, substantial improvement in performance and resolution of the photo-taking function a mobile phone has, expansion of market share of light sensors for mobile application, and sales growth in the market for security and automotive applications. In response to the already tight capacity and yet increasing business opportunities coming from customers, VisEra has commenced the construction of a new fab in Longtan, which is expected to start phase 1 mass production in 2022 and in doing so, inject long-term business momentum.

#### **Financial Performance**

VisEra's revenues in 2021 were NTD 9.029 billion, an increase of 30% compared to NTD 6.946 billion in the previous year; the gross profit was 40%, a decrease of 5% compared to the previous year, mainly due to the upfront CAPEX and depreciation incurred by the capacity expansion; profit after tax was NTD 2.165 billion, an increase of 4% compared to NTD 2.091 billion in the previous year. The earnings per share was NTD 7.41.

## **Technology Development**

VisEra has relentlessly been devoted to advanced technology development with respect to CMOS image sensors (CIS) and Micro-optics element to consolidate its role as a market leader. In 2021, it had successfully massively produced 0.61µm CIS with 0.2 billion pixels, the CIS with the highest resolution in the global market. It moved forward to pursue more shrinking pixel sizes to develop 0.56µm CIS. Meanwhile, it also engaged in the development of several key technologies, including 1) developing narrow band optical multi-film technology, which is used for the application of different spectral bands; 2) developing micro-optics elements, which are developed using advanced optical display technology, so as to help customers improve their display performance; and 3) developing metasurface technologies to support AR/VR applications that require thinner optical components, so as to maintain the momentum for long-term technology development.

## **Future Outlook**

Although COVID-19 is expected to continue through 2022, the wide availability of vaccines and oral medication will help ease the pandemic. Despite the presence of some uncertainties, e.g.

inflation, interest rate spike, political factors of China, the restructured supply chain and robust consumption demands are likely to maintain the global economic growth. Looking forward, benefiting from thriving new sensing applications for both human and machine vision driven by 5G, VisEra is in an advantageous position in the megatrend. Its core technology with respect to wafer-level optics integration has helped customers realize product innovation. In the future, it will advance its critical competency to create a sustainable corporate value for shareholders.

We wish you good health and good luck

VisEra Technologies Company Ltd.

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Chairman: Robert Kuan

President: S.C. Hsin

Accounting Supervisor: Kevin Tsai

## Audit Committee's Review Report

The Board of Directors prepared the 2021 Business Report, Financial Statements, and earning distribution proposal of the Company. The Financial Statements have been audited by the CPA of Deloitte & Touche, who presented the independent auditors' report. After audit, the Audit Committee believes the aforementioned Business Report, Financial Statements and earnings distribution proposal are preparedin good faith. Therefore, the Audit Committee's Review Report is so generated pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Act and the Company Act.

VisEra Technologies Company Ltd.

Convener of the Audit Committee: Laura Huang

February 23, 2022

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPOR**

The Board of Directors and Shareholders VisEra Technologies Company Ltd.

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. (the "Company"), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter of the Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 is stated as follows:

#### Contract Assets and Revenue Recognition

The majority of the Company's revenue is generated from color filter and optical coating, which are manufactured according to the customized specifications agreed in the contractual agreement. The customers have obtained control over the products during manufacturing process. As such, revenue and

contract assets are recognized over time in accordance with the requirements under paragraph 35(b) of IFRS 15. Refer to Notes 4, 5 and 17 to the accompanying financial statements for the details of the accounting policies related to the contract assets and revenue recognition. The Company recognizes contract assets and revenue at the end of each month based on progress towards completion. Since the abovementioned process involves estimates and manual controls, there is a risk that contract assets and revenue may not be recognized correctly. Thus, the Company's contract assets and revenue recognition was identified as a key audit matter.

Our audit procedures performed in respect of the above key audit matter included the following:

- 1. We obtained an understanding and tested the effectiveness of the design and implementation of key internal controls over contract assets and revenue recognition.
- 2. We obtained an understanding and evaluated the reasonableness of management's assumption and policy over contract assets and revenue recognition.
- 3. We evaluated the reasonableness of the underlying data used in calculations for the percentage of completion.
- 4. We performed a retrospective review of management's standard cost estimates.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the IFRS, IAS, IFRIC, and SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material

misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021, and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Shang-Chih Lin and Ming-Yuan Chung.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

February 23, 2022

#### Notice to Readers

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

BALANCE SHEETS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	December 31, 2	2021	December 31,	2020	
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY
CURRENT ASSETS					CURRENT LIABILITIES
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	\$ 3,232,624	21	\$ 2,537,344	22	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -					- current (Note 7)
current (Note 7)	6,003	-	9,128	-	Contract liabilities - current (Note 17)
Contract assets - current (Notes 5, 17 and 25)	248,248	2	137,376	1	Accounts payable (Note 25)
Accounts receivable, net (Notes 5 and 8)	1,196,432	8	730,474	6	Lease liabilities - current (Notes 11 and 22)
Accounts receivable from related parties (Notes 5, 8 and 25)	117,823	1	188,516	2	Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation
Other receivables	35,639	-	28,760	-	to directors (Note 18)
Other receivables from related parties (Note 25)	-	-	1,643	-	Payables to equipment suppliers
Inventories (Note 9)	96,207	1	85,450	1	Current tax liabilities (Note 19)
Prepayments and other current assets	67,957		48,316		Long-term liabilities-current portion (Notes 13 and 22)
					Accrued expenses and other current liabilities (Notes 14,
Total current assets	5,000,933	33	3,767,007	32	17 and 25)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					Total current liabilities
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 5 and 10)	9,773,826	65	7,617,347	65	
Right-of-use assets (Note 11)	244,038	2	319,065	3	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES
Intangible assets (Note 12)	24,874	-	9,096	-	Long-term borrowings (Notes 13 and 22)
Deferred tax assets (Note 19)	21,014	-	36,763	-	Deferred tax liabilities (Note 19)
Other non-current assets (Note 26)	24,490		22,490	<u> </u>	Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 11 and 22)
					Deferred revenue - non-current (Note 13)
Total non-current assets	10,088,242	67	8,004,761	68	Guarantee deposits (Note 25)
					Total non-current liabilities
					Total liabilities
					EQUITY (Note 16)
					Capital stock
					Capital surplus
					Retained earnings
					Appropriated as legal reserve
					Unappropriated earnings
					Total equity
TOTAL	<u>\$ 15,089,175</u>	_100	<u>\$ 11,771,768</u>	_100	TOTAL

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020		
Amount		%	Amount	%
\$	86	_	\$ 29	_
9,9		-	5,823	-
335,5	27	2	199,739	2
71,9	82	1	75,325	1
435,7	56	3	418,109	3
621,2	68	4	560,277	5
365,7	75	2	438,674	4
166,6	66	1	-	-
618,0	42	4	527,274	4
2,625,0	96	17	2,225,250	19
3,309,1	31	22	1,967,611	17
21,5		-	11,399	-
177,4	17	1	247,215	2
34,2	03	1	32,389	-
5,1	93		5,069	
3,547,5	04	24	2,263,683	19
6,172,6	00	41	4,488,933	38
2,932,9		19	2,911,531	25
732,7	99	5	703,493	6
994,6		7	785,581	7
4,256,1		28	2,882,230	24
5,250,7	85	35	3,667,811	31
8,916,5	75	<u>59</u>	7,282,835	62
<u>\$ 15,089,1</u>	75	100	<u>\$ 11,771,768</u>	_100

## **STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME** (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2021		2020	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
OPERATING REVENUE (Notes 5, 17 and 25)	\$ 9,029,178	100	\$ 6,946,349	100
OPERATING COSTS (Notes 9, 18 and 25)	5,460,206	60	3,835,451	55
GROSS PROFIT	3,568,972	40	3,110,898	45
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 18 and 25) Sales and marketing General and administrative	69,189 279,052	1 3	59,148 161,236	1 2
Research and development	542,020	6	366,794	5
Total operating expenses	890,261	10	587,178	8
OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES, NET (Notes 10, 18 and 25)	28,551		32,720	
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS	2,707,262	30	2,556,440	37
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (Notes 18 and 25)				
Interest income	7,232	-	12,477	-
Other income	1,723	-	566	-
Other gains and losses	12,224	-	48,194	1
Foreign exchange loss, net Finance costs	(11,981) (12,514)	-	(57,105)	(1)
Finance cosis	(12,514)		(5,221)	
Total non-operating income and expenses	(3,316)	<u> </u>	(1,089)	
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX	2,703,946	30	2,555,351	37
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Note 19)	538,666	6	464,806	7
NET INCOME	2,165,280	24	2,090,545	30
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	<u>\$ 2,165,280</u>	24	<u>\$ 2,090,545</u>	30
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 20) Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	\$ 7.41 \$ 7.24		<u>\$7.18</u> <u>\$6.77</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

## **STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY** (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Capital Stock - ( Stock (In Thousands)	Common Stock Amount	- Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Retained Earnings Unappropriated Earnings	Total	Total Equity
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2020	291,153	\$ 2,911,531	\$ 696,675	\$ 724,197	\$ 853,069	\$ 1,577,266	\$ 5,185,472
Appropriation of earnings Legal reserve	-	-	-	61,384	(61,384)	-	-
Donation from shareholders	-	-	205	-	-	-	205
Compensation cost of employee share options	-	-	6,613	-	-	-	6,613
Net profit and total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2020		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	2,090,545	2,090,545	2,090,545
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2020	291,153	2,911,531	703,493	785,581	2,882,230	3,667,811	7,282,835
Appropriation of earnings Legal reserve Cash dividends	-	-	-	209,054	(209,054) (582,306)	(582,306)	(582,306)
Employee share options exercised	2,146	21,460	21,112	-	-	-	42,572
Donation from shareholders	-	-	406	-	-	-	406
Compensation cost of employee share options	-	-	7,788	-	-	-	7,788
Net profit and total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2021	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		2,165,280	2,165,280	2,165,280
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2021	293,299	<u>\$ 2,932,991</u>	<u>\$ 732,799</u>	<u>\$ 994,635</u>	<u>\$ 4,256,150</u>	<u>\$ 5,250,785</u>	<u>\$ 8,916,575</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2021	2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income before income tax	\$ 2,703,946	\$ 2,555,351
Adjustments for:	¢ <b>1</b> ,705,910	¢ 2,000,001
Depreciation expense	1,949,486	754,300
Amortization expense	8,971	6,166
Finance costs	12,514	5,221
Interest income	(7,232)	(12,477)
Compensation cost of employee share options	7,788	6,613
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net	(1,003)	(428)
Impairment loss recognized on property, plant and equipment	-	10,159
Foreign exchange gain, net	(3,796)	(7,316)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	3,182	(945)
Contract assets	(110,872)	(35,711)
Accounts receivable, net	(465,958)	(185,381)
Receivables from related parties, net	70,693	(66,944)
Other receivables	(5,931)	(23,089)
Other receivables from related parties	1,643	1,079
Inventories	(10,757)	(28,347)
Prepayments and other current assets	(19,641)	(4,348)
Contract liabilities	4,171	3,284
Accounts payable	135,788	69,353
Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees	17,647	295,355
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	89,743	153,984
Cash generated from operations	4,380,382	3,495,879
Income taxes paid	(585,655)	(125,316)
Net cash generated from operating activities	3,794,727	3,370,563
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(3,957,499)	(6,036,304)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,003	3,238
Increase in refundable deposits	(2,000)	(118)
Decrease in refundable deposits	-	148
Payments for intangible assets	(24,749)	(5,010)
Increase in other current assets	-	(2,562)
Interest received	6,284	16,858
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,976,961)	(6,023,750)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	1,510,000	2,000,000
Guarantee deposits received	1,510,000	1,151
Guarantee deposits refunded	(52)	(614)
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	(75,876)	(75,331)
Cash dividends	(582,306)	-
	( ))	(Continued)

## **STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS** (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2021	2020
Employee share options exercised Interest paid Donation from shareholders	\$ 42,572 (17,406) <u>406</u>	\$ (6,047) <u>205</u>
Net cash generated from financing activities	877,514	1,919,364
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	695,280	(733,823)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,537,344	3,271,167
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 3,232,624</u>	<u>\$2,537,344</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. (Concluded)

# [Attachment 4]

2021 Earnings Distribution Table	
	Unit: NTD
2021 Net Profit	2,165,279,607
Less:	
- Distribution of 10% as legal reserve	(216,527,961)
2021 Distributable Retained Earnings	1,948,751,646
Plus:	
- Undistributed retained earnings in the past	2,090,868,742
years	
Distributable Retained Earnings as of December 31, 2021	4,039,620,388
Distribution Items:	
- Common share cash dividend (NTD 2 per	(586,712,238)
share)	
Undistributed retained earnings	3,452,908,150

# VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. 2021 Earnings Distribution Table

Chairman: Robert Kuan Manager: S.C. Hsin Accounting Supervisor: Kevin Tsai

# VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. The Articles of Incorporation Comparative Table of Amended Provisions

Article No.	Existing Provision	Amended Provision
Article 8	Shareholders' meetings of the Company have two kinds: regular shareholders' meetings and extraordinary shareholders' meetings. The regular shareholders' meetings are convened once per year within six months from the close of the fiscal year. The extraordinary shareholders' meetings may be convened in accordance with applicable laws and regulations whenever necessary.	Shareholders' meetings of the Company have two kinds: regular shareholders' meetings and extraordinary shareholders' meetings. The regular shareholders' meetings are convened once per year within six months from the close of the fiscal year. The extraordinary shareholders' meetings may be convened in accordance with applicable laws and regulations whenever necessary. Shareholders' meetings of the Company can be held by means of a visual communication network or other methods promulgated by the central competent authority.
Article 20	These Articles of Incorporation were resolved on November 19, 2003. The first amendment was made on June 10, 2005, the second amendment was made on May 26, 2006, the third amendment was made on October 13, 2006, the fourth amendment was made on June 11, 2008, the fifth amendment was made on June 5, 2009, the sixth amendment was made on June 29, 2016, the seventh amendment was made on June 19, 2020, the eighth amendment was made on March 4, 2021.	These Articles of Incorporation were resolved on November 19, 2003. The first amendment was made on June 10, 2005, the second amendment was made on May 26, 2006, the third amendment was made on October 13, 2006, the fourth amendment was made on June 11, 2008, the fifth amendment was made on June 5, 2009, the sixth amendment was made on June 29, 2016, the seventh amendment was made on June 19, 2020, and the eighth amendment was made on March 4, 2021. The ninth amendment was made on <u>May 24, 2022.</u>

# VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. Procedures for the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets Comparative Table of Amended Provisions

Article		
No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
Article No. Article 4	Before Amendment Under any of the following circumstances, the Company shall publicly announce and report the relevant information in the appropriate format as prescribed by regulations within 2 days counting inclusively from the date of occurrence of the event: 1. Acquisition or disposal of real property or right-of-use assets thereof from or to a related party, or acquisition or disposal of assets other than real property or right-of- use assets thereof from or to a related party where the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of the Company's paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of the Company's total assets, or NTD 300 million or more; provided, this shall not apply to trading of domestic government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises. 2. Mergers, demergers, acquisitions, or transfer of shares. 3. Where an asset transaction other than any of those referred to in the preceding two subparagraphs reaches 20 percent of the Company's paid-in capital or NTD 300 million. However, this shall not apply to the following circumstances: (1) Trading of domestic government bonds. (2) Trading of domestic government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or redemption	After Amendment Under any of the following circumstances, the Company shall publicly announce and report the relevant information in the appropriate format as prescribed by regulations within 2 days counting inclusively from the date of occurrence of the event: 1. Acquisition or disposal of real property or right-of-use assets thereof from or to a related party, or acquisition or disposal of assets other than real property or right-of- use assets thereof from or to a related party where the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of the Company's paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of the Company's total assets, or NTD 300 million or more; provided, this shall not apply to trading of domestic government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises. 2. Mergers, demergers, acquisitions, or transfer of shares. 3. Where an asset transaction other than any of those referred to in the preceding two subparagraphs reaches 20 percent of the Company's paid-in capital or NTD 300 million. However, this shall not apply to the following circumstances: (1) Trading of domestic government bonds, or international bonds issued by a foreign central government with a sovereign rating not lower than the sovereign rating of the
	agreements, or subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by domestic	not lower than the sovereign rating of the ROC.
	<ul><li>securities investment trust enterprises.</li><li>(3) Where equipment or right-of-use assets for business use are acquired or disposed of, the trading counterpart is not a related party,</li></ul>	(2) Trading of domestic government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by domestic
	and the transaction amount is less than NTD	securities investment trust enterprises.

Article No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
	<ul> <li>500 million.</li> <li>(4) Where land is acquired under an arrangement of engaging others to build on the Company's own land, engaging others to build on rented land, joint construction and allocation of housing units, joint construction and allocation and allocation of ownership percentages, or joint construction and separate sale, furthermore the trading counterpart is not a related party, and the transaction amount is less than NTD 500 million (subject to the amount the Company expects to invest).</li> <li>The amount of transactions referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be calculated as follows: <ol> <li>The amount of any individual transaction.</li> <li>The amount of any individual transaction.</li> <li>The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions or disposals of the same type of underlying asset with the same trading counterpart within the preceding year.</li> <li>The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions or disposals, respectively) of real property or right-of-use assets thereof within the same development project within the preceding year.</li> <li>The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions or disposals, respectively) of the same security within the preceding year.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Within the preceding year," as used in the preceding paragraph, refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the current transaction. Items duly announced in accordance with the Procedure need not be counted toward the transaction amount.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(3) Where equipment or right-of-use assets for business use are acquired or disposed of, the trading counterpart is not a related party, and the transaction amount is less than NTD 500 million.</li> <li>(4) Where land is acquired under an arrangement of engaging others to build on the Company's own land, engaging others to build on rented land, joint construction and allocation of housing units, joint construction and allocation of housing units, joint construction and allocation of ownership percentages, or joint construction and separate sale, furthermore the trading counterpart is not a related party, and the transaction amount is less than NTD 500 million (subject to the amount the Company expects to invest).</li> <li>The amount of transactions referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be calculated as follows: <ol> <li>The amount of any individual transaction.</li> <li>The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions or disposals of the same type of underlying asset with the same trading counterpart within the preceding year.</li> <li>The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions or disposals, respectively) of real property or right-of-use assets thereof within the same development project within the preceding year.</li> <li>The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions or disposals, respectively) of the same security within the preceding year.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>

Article No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
Article 6	The evaluation procedure for the assets	The evaluation procedure for the assets
	acquired or disposed of by the Company:	acquired or disposed of by the Company:
	1. In acquiring or disposing of real property,	1. In acquiring or disposing of real property,
	equipment, or right-of-use assets thereof	equipment, or right-of-use assets thereof
	where the transaction amount reaches 20	where the transaction amount reaches 20
	percent of the Company's paid-in capital or	percent of the Company's paid-in capital or
	NTD 300 million or more, the Company,	NTD 300 million or more, the Company,
	unless transacting with a domestic	unless transacting with a domestic
	government agency, engaging others to	government agency, engaging others to
	build on its own land, engaging others to	build on its own land, engaging others to
	build on rented land, or acquiring or	build on rented land, or acquiring or
	disposing of equipment or right-of-use	disposing of equipment or right-of-use
	assets thereof held for business use, shall	assets thereof held for business use, shall
	obtain an appraisal report prior to the date	obtain an appraisal report prior to the date
	of occurrence of the event from a	of occurrence of the event from a
	professional appraiser and shall further	professional appraiser and shall further
	comply with the following provisions:	comply with the following provisions:
	(1) Where due to special circumstances, it	(1) Where due to special circumstances, it
	is necessary to give a limited price,	is necessary to give a limited price,
	specified price, or special price as a	specified price, or special price as a
	reference basis for the transaction price, the	reference basis for the transaction price, the
	transaction shall be submitted for approval	transaction shall be submitted for approval
	in advance by the Board of Directors; the	in advance by the Board of Directors; the
	same procedure shall also be followed	same procedure shall also be followed
	whenever there is any subsequent change to	whenever there is any subsequent change to
	the terms and conditions of the transaction. $(2)$ With the terms of the transaction $(2)$	the terms and conditions of the transaction. $(2)$ Will $(1 - 1)$
	(2) Where the discrepancy between the	(2) Where the discrepancy between the
	appraisal result and the transaction amount	appraisal result and the transaction amount
	is 20 percent or more of the transaction	is 20 percent or more of the transaction
	amount, unless all the appraisal results for	amount, unless all the appraisal results for
	the assets to be acquired are higher than the	the assets to be acquired are higher than the
	transaction amount, or all the appraisal	transaction amount, or all the appraisal
	results for the assets to be disposed of are	results for the assets to be disposed of are
	lower than the transaction amount, a certified public accountant shall be engaged	lower than the transaction amount, a
	to perform the appraisal in accordance with	certified public accountant-shall be engaged
	the provisions of Statement of Auditing	to perform the appraisal in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Auditing
	Standards No. 20 and render a specific	Standards No. 20 and render a specific
	opinion regarding the reason for the	opinion regarding the reason for the
	discrepancy and the appropriateness of the	discrepancy and the appropriateness of the
	transaction price.	transaction price.
	(3) Where the transaction amount is NTD	(3) Where the transaction amount is NTD
	1 billion or more, appraisals from two or	1 billion or more, appraisals from two or
	more professional appraisers shall be	more professional appraisers shall be
	obtained. Where the discrepancy between	obtained. Where the discrepancy between
	the appraisal results of two or more	the appraisal results of two or more
	ine appraisar results of two of more	the appraisar results of two of more

Article No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
	professional appraisers is 10 percent or	professional appraisers is 10 percent or
	more of the transaction amount, unless all	more of the transaction amount, unless all
	the appraisal results for the assets to be	the appraisal results for the assets to be
	acquired are higher than the transaction	acquired are higher than the transaction
	amount, or all the appraisal results for the	amount, or all the appraisal results for the
	assets to be disposed of are lower than the	assets to be disposed of are lower than the
	transaction amount, a certified public	transaction amount, a certified public
	accountant shall be engaged to perform the	accountant <del>shall be engaged to perform the</del>
	appraisal in accordance with the provisions	appraisal in accordance with the provisions
	of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20	of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20
	and render a specific opinion regarding the	and render a specific opinion regarding the
	reason for the discrepancy and the	reason for the discrepancy and the
	appropriateness of the transaction price.	appropriateness of the transaction price.
	(4) No more than 3 months may elapse	(4) No more than 3 months may elapse
	between the date of the appraisal report	between the date of the appraisal report
	issued by a professional appraiser and the	issued by a professional appraiser and the
	contract execution date; provided, where the	contract execution date; provided, where the
	publicly announced current value for the	publicly announced current value for the
	same period is used and not more than 6	same period is used and not more than 6
	months have elapsed, the original	months have elapsed, the original
	professional appraiser may still issue an	professional appraiser may still issue an
	opinion.	opinion.
	2. When acquiring or disposing of	2. When acquiring or disposing of
	securities, the Company shall, prior to the	securities, the Company shall, prior to the
	date of occurrence of the event, obtain	date of occurrence of the event, obtain
	financial statements of the issuing company	financial statements of the issuing company
	for the most recent period, certified or	for the most recent period, certified or
	reviewed by a certified public accountant,	reviewed by a certified public accountant,
	for reference in appraising the transaction	for reference in appraising the transaction
	price. If the dollar amount of the transaction	price. If the dollar amount of the transaction
	is 20 percent of the Company's paid-in	is 20 percent of the Company's paid-in
	capital or NTD 300 million or more, the	capital or NTD 300 million or more, the
	Company shall additionally engage a	Company shall additionally engage a
	certified public accountant prior to the date	certified public accountant prior to the date
	of occurrence of the event to provide an	of occurrence of the event to provide an
	opinion regarding the reasonableness of the	opinion regarding the reasonableness of the
	transaction price. If the CPA needs to use an	transaction price. If the CPA needs to use
	expert's report as evidence, the CPA shall	the report of an expert as evidence, the CPA
	do so in accordance with the provisions of	shall do so in accordance with the
	Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20.	provisions of Statement of Auditing
	However, this requirement does not apply to	Standards No. 20. However, this
	publicly quoted prices of securities that	requirement does not apply to publicly
	have an active market, or where otherwise	quoted prices of securities that have an
	provided by regulations of the regulatory	active market, or where otherwise provided
	authorities.	by regulations of the regulatory authorities.
	3. Where the Company acquires or disposes	3. Where the Company acquires or disposes

Article No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
	of intangible assets or right-of-use assets	of intangible assets or right-of-use assets
	thereof or memberships. The transaction	thereof or memberships. The transaction
	amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-	amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-
	in capital or NTD 300 million or more,	in capital or NTD 300 million or more,
	except in transactions with a domestic	except in transactions with a domestic
	government agency, the Company shall	government agency, the Company shall
	engage a certified public accountant prior to	engage a certified public accountant prior to
	the date of occurrence of the event to render	the date of occurrence of the event to render
	an opinion on the reasonableness of the	an opinion on the reasonableness of the
	transaction price. The CPA shall comply	transaction price <del>. The CPA shall comply</del>
	with the provisions of Statement of	with the provisions of Statement of
	Auditing Standards No. 20.	Auditing Standards No. 20.
	4. Where the Company acquires or disposes	4. Where the Company acquires or disposes
	of assets through court auction procedures,	of assets through court auction procedures,
	the evidentiary documentation issued by the	the evidentiary documentation issued by the
	court may be substituted for the appraisal	court may be substituted for the appraisal
	report or CPA opinion.	report or CPA opinion.
	5. Professional appraisers and their officers,	5. Professional appraisers and their officers,
	certified public accounts, attorneys-at-law,	certified public accounts, attorneys-at-law,
	or securities underwriters that provide the	or securities underwriters that provide the
	Company with appraisal reports, certified	Company with appraisal reports, certified
	public accountant's opinions, attorney-at-	public accountant's opinions, attorney-at-
	law opinions, or underwriter's opinions shall	law opinions, or underwriter's opinions shall
	meet the applicable laws and ordinances.	meet the applicable laws and ordinances.
	The calculation of the transaction amounts	The calculation of the transaction amounts
	referred to in the preceding paragraph shall	referred to in the preceding paragraph shall
	be made in accordance with Paragraph 2 of	be made in accordance with Paragraph 2 of
	Article 4 herein, and "within the preceding	Article 4 herein, and "within the preceding
	year" as used herein refers to the year	year" as used herein refers to the year
	preceding the date of occurrence of the	preceding the date of occurrence of the
	current transaction. Items for which an	current transaction. Items for which an
	appraisal report from a professional	appraisal report from a professional
	appraiser or a CPA's opinion has been	appraiser or a CPA's opinion has been
	obtained pursuant to the Procedures need	obtained pursuant to the Procedures need
	not be counted toward the transaction	not be counted toward the transaction
	amount.	amount.
Article 7	The operating procedure for acquisition or	The operating procedure for acquisition or
	disposal of assets between the Company and	disposal of assets between the Company and
	related parties:	related parties:
	1. When the Company engages in any	1. When the Company engages in any
	acquisition or disposal of assets from or to a	acquisition or disposal of assets from or to a
	related party, in addition to ensuring that the	related party, in addition to ensuring that the
	necessary resolutions are adopted and the	necessary resolutions are adopted and the
	reasonableness of the transaction terms is	reasonableness of the transaction terms is
	appraised pursuant to Article 6 herein, if the	appraised pursuant to Article 6 herein, if the
	transaction amount reaches more than 10%	transaction amount reaches more than 10%

Article No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
	of the Company's total assets, the Company	of the Company's total assets, the Company
	shall also obtain an appraisal report from a	shall also obtain an appraisal report from a
	professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion	professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion
	pursuant to Article 6 herein.	pursuant to Article 6 herein.
	2. When the Company intends to acquire or	2. When the Company intends to acquire or
	dispose of real property or right-of-use	dispose of real property or right-of-use
	assets thereof from or to a related party, or	assets thereof from or to a related party, or
	when it intends to acquire or dispose of	when it intends to acquire or dispose of
	assets other than real property or right-of-	assets other than real property or right-of-
	use assets thereof from or to a related party	use assets thereof from or to a related party
	and the transaction amount reaches 20	and the transaction amount reaches 20
	percent or more of the Company's paid-in	percent or more of the Company's paid-in
	capital, 10 percent or more of the	capital, 10 percent or more of the
	Company's total assets, or NTD 300 million	Company's total assets, or NTD 300 million
	or more, except in trading of domestic	or more, except in trading of domestic
	government bonds or bonds under	government bonds or bonds under
	repurchase and resale agreements, or	repurchase and resale agreements, or
	subscription or redemption of money	subscription or redemption of money
	market funds issued by domestic securities	market funds issued by domestic securities
	investment trust enterprises, the Company	investment trust enterprises, the Company
	may not proceed to enter into a transaction	may not proceed to enter into a transaction
	contract or make a payment until the	contract or make a payment until the
	following matters have been approved by	following matters have been approved by
	the Audit Committee members and then	the Audit Committee members and then
	approved upon resolution by the Board of	approved upon resolution by the Board of
	Directors:	Directors:
	(1) The purpose, necessity, and expected	(1) The purpose, necessity, and expected
	benefits of the acquisition or disposal of	benefits of the acquisition or disposal of
	assets.	assets.
	(2) The reasons for selecting the related	(2) The reasons for selecting the related
	party as the trading counterpart.	party as the trading counterpart. (3) With respect to the acquisition of real
	(3) With respect to the acquisition of real property or right-of-use assets thereof from	property or right-of-use assets thereof from
	a related party, information regarding appraisal on the reasonableness of the	a related party, information regarding appraisal on the reasonableness of the
	preliminary transaction terms in accordance	preliminary transaction terms in accordance
	with the competent authority's	with the competent authority's
	requirements.	requirements.
	(4) The matters of the related party's	(4) The matters of the related party's
	original acquisition date and price, trading	original acquisition date and price, trading
	counterpart and the relationship between the	counterpart and the relationship between the
	Company and the related party.	Company and the related party.
	(5) The monthly cash income and expense	(5) The monthly cash income and expense
	forecast within the year from the month of	forecast within the year from the month of
	the contract signing; also, assess the	the contract signing; also, assess the
	necessity of the trade and the	necessity of the trade and the

Article No.	Before Amendment	After Amendment
	reasonableness of the use of funds. (6) An appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion obtained in compliance with the preceding subparagraph. (7) Restrictive covenants and other important stipulations associated with the transaction. 3. When the Company's acquisition or disposal of assets from or to a related party is submitted for discussion by the Board of Directors, the Board of Directors shall take into full consideration each independent director objects to or expresses reservations about any matter, it shall be recorded in the minutes of the Board of Directors meeting. The calculation of the transaction amounts referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be made in accordance with Paragraph 2 of Article 4 herein, and "within the preceding year" as used herein refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the current transaction. Items that have been submitted to and approved by the Board of Directors pursuant to the Procedures need not be counted toward the transaction amount.	reasonableness of the use of funds. (6) An appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion obtained in compliance with the preceding subparagraph. (7) Restrictive covenants and other important stipulations associated with the transaction. 3. When the Company's acquisition or disposal of assets from or to a related party is submitted for discussion by the Board of Directors, the Board of Directors shall take into full consideration each independent director's opinions. If an independent director objects to or expresses reservations about any matter, it shall be recorded in the minutes of the Board of Directors meeting. 4. When the Company engages in the transactions referred to in subparagraph 2, Paragraph 1 herein, if any, and the transaction amount reaches more than 10% of the Company's total assets, the Company may not proceed to enter into a transaction contract or make a payment until the matters prescribed in the subparagraph 2, Paragraph 1 herein have been approved by the shareholders' meeting. However, this requirement does not apply to transactions between the Company and its parent or subsidiaries, or between its subsidiaries. The calculation of the transaction amounts referred to in the preceding paragraph 2 of Article 4 herein, and "within the preceding year" as used herein refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the current transaction. Items that have been submitted to and approved by the Board of Directors and a shareholders' meeting pursuant to the Procedures need not be counted toward the transaction amount.